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13 December 2024

Dear Amy

Re: Peasmarsh Parish Council Internal Audit for Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025 - Interim Audit report

Executive summary

Following completion of our interim internal audit on 13 December 2024 we enclose our report for your kind attention and presentation to the council. The audit was conducted in accordance with current practices and guidelines and testing was risk based. Whilst we have not tested all transactions, our samples have where appropriate covered the entire year to date.

Our report is presented in the same order as the assertions on the internal auditor report within the published Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR). The start of each section details the nature of the assertion to be verified. Testing requirements follow those detailed in the audit plan previously sent to the council, a copy of which is available on request. The report concludes with an opinion as to whether each assertion has been met or not at this point in the year. Some assertions are tested only at the final internal audit, and this is reflected where appropriate in the report.

Recommendations for action are shown in bold text and are summarised in the table at the end of the report.

Our sample testing did not uncover any errors or misstatements that require reporting to the external auditor at this time, nor did we identify any significant weaknesses in the internal controls such that public money would be put at risk.

It is clear the council takes governance, policies and procedures seriously and I am pleased to report that overall, the systems and procedures you have in place are fit for purpose and whilst my report may contain recommendations to change these are not indicative of any significant failings, but rather are pointers to improving upon an already well-ordered system.

It is therefore our opinion that the systems and internal procedures at Peasmarsh Parish Council are well established and followed.

Regulation

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require smaller authorities, each financial year, to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. In addition to this, a smaller authority is required by Regulation 5(1) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to "undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance."

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance activity designed to improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes. The purpose of internal audit is to review and report to the authority on whether its systems of financial and other internal controls over its activities and operating procedures are effective.

Internal audit's function is to test and report to the authority on whether its specific system of internal control is adequate and working satisfactorily. The internal audit reports should therefore be made available to all Members to support and inform them when they considering the authority's approval of the annual governance statement.

Independence and competence

Your audit was conducted by Andy Beams of Mulberry Local Authority Services Ltd, who has over 34 years' experience in the financial sector with the last 14 years specialising in local government.

Your auditor is independent from the management of the financial controls and procedures of the council and has no conflicts of interest with the audit client, nor do they provide any management or financial assistance to the client.

Engagement Letter

An engagement letter was previously issued to the council covering the 2024/25 internal audit assignment. Copies of this document are available on request.

Planning and inherent risk assessment

The scope and plan of works including fee structure was issued to the council under separate cover. Copies of this document are available on request. In summary, our work will address each of the internal control objectives as stated on the Annual Internal Audit Report of the AGAR.

It is our opinion that the inherent risk of error or misstatement is low, and the controls of the council can be relied upon and as such substantive testing of individual transactions is not required. Testing to be carried out will be "walk through testing" on sample data to encompass the period of the council year under review.

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A. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT

Internal audit requirement

Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.

Audit findings

The audit was conducted on site with the Clerk, who also acts as the council's Responsible Financial Officer (RFO). The Clerk had prepared the information advised in advance of the visit, and overall, I have the impression that accounting records are neatly maintained and easily accessible. Other information was reviewed through discussion with the Clerk and a review of the council website www.peasmarsh.org.uk

The council uses Excel for recording the council's finances. This is a suitable method for a council of this size. The spreadsheets are updated regularly and used to produce management information reports for review at council meetings.

B. FINANCE REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS

Internal audit requirement

This authority complied with its Finance Regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

Check the publication and minuting of the prior year audited AGAR and notice of conclusion of audit

The External Auditor's Report for 2023/24 was not qualified and has been published on the council website along with the completed Notice of Conclusion of Audit form.

Under other matters, the External Auditor commented 'We note that the smaller authority did not comply with Regulation 15 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 as it failed to make proper provision during the year 2024/25 for the exercise of public rights, since the Confirmation of the dates for period for the exercise of public rights has been posted on the Council's website but no notice setting out the contact details of who to contact to arrange inspection, or the details of the external auditor has been posted on the website. As a result, the smaller authority must answer 'No' to Assertion 4 of the Annual Governance Statement for 2024/25 and ensure that it makes proper provision for the exercise of public rights during 2025/26.

The Annual Internal Audit Report focuses on a series of internal control objectives covering an authority's key financial and accounting systems and concludes whether, in all significant respects, the internal control objectives were being achieved throughout the financial year to a standard adequate to meet the needs of the authority. We note that the internal auditor has not provided a conclusion on the following internal control objectives: N in respect of the publication requirements for the 2022/23 AGAR but has provided an adequate explanation for this.'

The conclusion of the audit was reported to the council at the meeting held on 2 October 2024 (minute ref 74).

Confirm by sample testing that councillors sign statutory office forms

I confirmed by sample testing that councillors sign "Acceptance of Office" forms. The council website includes a link to the Rother District Council website where the individual Register of Members' Interests forms are published.

Confirm that the council is compliant with the relevant transparency code

As the council's income and expenditure exceeds £25,000, it is not a statutory requirement to follow the requirements of the Local Government Transparency Code, although it is recommended best practice to do so.

Confirm that the council is compliant with GDPR

The council is fully aware of GDPR and has undergone training. It was noted the council has not established common email addresses for all councillors. This is recommended because it gives a natural segregation between work and personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to this it gives control to the council, adds a degree of professionalism and in the event of a FOI request limits access to personal computers.

The Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) Practitioner's Guide (March 2024) contains updated guidance on the matter as below:

The importance of using .gov.uk domains for websites and emails

- 5.210. All Parish, Town and Community Councils are eligible to use, and are advised to use, a .gov.uk domain for their websites and email communications. Your community, suppliers and partners will now reasonably expect a local council to have a .gov.uk domain name. Note that Parish meetings are exempt from the requirement to have a website.
- 5.211. To assist with compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR), it is advised that clerks provide official .gov.uk email accounts to their councillors, which must only be used for official council business.
- 5.212. When choosing a domain name all councils must follow the rules set out by the Cabinet Office to choose a .gov.uk domain name, for example, 'ourparishcouncil.gov.uk' with email addresses linked to that domain.
- 5.213. Using a .gov.uk domain for your council website and email accounts gives Parish Councils the following advantages:
- 5.214. Increased professionalism and trust from members of your community, partners and suppliers because your email address and website domains are a trusted government brand.
- 5.215. Separation of your personal life from your professional life, ensuring members of your community, partners and suppliers understand what capacity you are emailing them in whether a Councillor or Clerk.
- 5.216. Increased control for the Responsible Officer over email accounts and documentation when managing new joiners, leavers, sudden absences or Freedom of Information and Subject Access Requests.

The council has a Privacy Notice and Accessibility Statement on its website.

Confirm that the council meets regularly throughout the year

In addition to full council, the council has just established a Human Resources committee, with terms of reference established. Council meets regularly during the year except for August.

Check that agendas for meetings are published giving 3 clear days' notice

I was able to confirm that at least 3 clear days' notice is given on agendas. Whilst we have not tested every single committee and council meeting there was no evidence of non-compliance in giving three clear days' notice of the meeting.

I note the non-confidential supporting papers are published on the website along with the agendas in accordance with the requirements of the Information Commissioner's Office.

Check the draft minutes of the last meeting(s) are on the council's website

Minutes are uploaded to the council website, although only after adoption and I recommend including draft minutes, particularly where the council may not meet the following month to avoid delays in informing residents of decisions made by the council.

Confirm that the Parish Council's Standing Orders have been reviewed within the last 12 months

The Standing Orders are based on the current NALC model and were most recently reviewed and adopted by council on 17 April 2024 (minute ref 8).

Confirm that the Parish Council has adopted and recently reviewed Financial Regulations

Financial Regulations are based on the new NALC model and were last reviewed and adopted by council on 5 June 2024 (minute ref 33). The regulations contain provisions for the approval of spending, setting of budgets, reconciliation of the bank and reporting to council.

Check that the council's Financial Regulations are being routinely followed

The council has thresholds in place at which authorisations to spend must be obtained as below:

- FR 5.15 Individual purchases within an agreed budget for that type of expenditure may be authorised by:
 - the Clerk, under delegated authority, for any items below £500 excluding VAT.
 - the Clerk, in consultation with the Chair of the Council, for any items below £1,000 excluding VAT.
 - the council for all items over £5,000;

Such authorisation must be supported by a minute (in the case of council or committee decisions) or other auditable evidence trail.

- FR 5.17 No expenditure may be authorised that will exceed the budget for that type of expenditure other than by resolution of the council except in an emergency.
- FR 5.18 In cases of serious risk to the delivery of council services or to public safety on council premises, the clerk may authorise expenditure of up to £2,000 excluding VAT on repair, replacement or other work that in their judgement is necessary, whether or not there is any budget for such expenditure. The Clerk shall report such action to the Chair as soon as possible and to the council as soon as practicable thereafter.

Based on the level of financial activity of the council, and through discussion with the Clerk, these authorisation thresholds appear appropriate although I note there is a gap in the authorisation levels between £1,000 and £5,000 and this should be closed at the next review.

A review of council minutes shows that council authorises payments in accordance with the adopted Financial Regulations.

Confirm all section 137 expenditure meets the guidelines and does not exceed the annual per elector limit of £10.81 per elector

The council has Section 137 expenditure within the allowable.

Check receipt of VAT refund matches last submitted VAT return

The council submits its VAT return annually. I reviewed the submission for the period ending 31 March 2024 which showed a refund amount due of £5.183.12 and was fully supported by the required details. I was able to confirm receipt of the refunded amount to the council's bank account on 29 April 2024. The council is up to date with its VAT submissions.

Confirm that checks of the accounts are made by a councillor

The system noted above details internal review takes place and I am under no doubt that council properly approves expenditure.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE

Internal audit requirement

This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.

Audit findings

The council's adopted Financial Regulations include a section covering Risk Management and state:

- FR 2.1 The council must ensure that it has a sound system of internal control, which delivers effective financial, operational and risk management.
- FR 2.2 The Clerk/RFO shall prepare, for approval by the council, a risk management policy covering all activities of the council. This policy and consequential risk management arrangements shall be reviewed by the council at least annually.
- FR 2.3 When considering any new activity, the Clerk/RFO shall prepare a draft risk assessment including risk management proposals for consideration by the council.
- FR 2.4 At least once a year, the council must review the effectiveness of its system of internal control, before approving the Annual Governance Statement.

The council has a Risk Assessment and a Risk Register, and these were most recently reveiwed and approved by council at the meeting held in April 2024. The risk assessment sets out the internal financial controls in place at the council.

I reveiwed the risk register, which describes each risk, assesses the impact and likelihood of occurrence of each risk (based on a risk register) and the response to the risks highlighted. This is a suitable approach and includes analysis of all risks typically associated with a council of this size with its range of services and facilities.

I confirmed that the council has a valid insurance policy in place with Zurich Insurance which covers the year under review. The policy includes Public Liability cover of £12 million, Employers Liability cover of £10 million each and a Fidelity Guarantee level of £250,000 which is sufficient for a council of this size.

D. BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES

Internal audit requirement

The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.

Audit findings

The council set a precept of £37,000 for 2024/25. With a tax base of 509.1, this equates to a band D equivalent of £72.68 (compared to the average in England of £85.89).

The Clerk confirmed that the 2025/26 budget and precept were approved at the December council meeting. The Clerk completes a monthly budget report which provides councillors with information against budget performance.

The Joint Panel on Accountability and Governance (JPAG) Practitioner's guide provides updated guidance on the appropriate level of general reserves that councils should retain as below:

- 5.33. The general reserve of an authority comprises its cash flow and contingency funds to cover unexpected inflation, unforeseen events and unusual circumstances.
- 5.34. The generally accepted recommendation with regard to the appropriate minimum level of a smaller authority's general reserve is that this should be maintained at between three and twelve months of net revenue expenditure.
- 5.35. The reason for the wide range is to cater for the large variation in activity level between individual authorities. The smaller the authority, the closer the figure may be to 12 months expenditure, the larger the authority, the nearer to 3

months. In practice, any authority with income and expenditure in excess of £200,000 should plan towards 3 months equivalent general reserve.

5.36. In all of this it is important that each authority adopt, as a general reserve policy, the level appropriate to their size, situation, risks and plan their budget so as to ensure that the adopted level is maintained. Consideration of the minimum level of reserves requires not only consideration of level of income and expenditure but also the risks to that income.

5.37. Authorities with significant self-generated income (other than the precept or levy) should take into account situations that may lead to a loss in revenue as well as increased costs and adapt their general reserve accordingly.

A review of the general and earmarked reserve balances will be conducted as part of the year-end internal audit, and the council is recommended to follow the JPAG guidance in determining an appropriate level.

E. INCOME

Internal audit requirement

Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

Apart from the precept, the council's primary sources of budgeted income are from allotments and raised beds.

Financial Regulation 13.2 states 'The council will review all fees and charges for work done, services provided, or goods sold at least annually as part of the budget-setting process, following a report of the Clerk. The RFO shall be responsible for the collection of all amounts due to the council.'

The Clerk confirmed that the fees were reviewed as part of the budget setting, and I recommend this is clearly recorded in the minutes to confirm the review has taken place in accordance with FR 13.2.

F. PETTY CASH

Internal audit requirement

Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for.

Audit findings

The council has no petty cash and the testing for this internal control objective does not apply.

G. PAYROLL

Internal audit requirement

Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.

Audit findings

The Clerk is the only employee of the council and has signed contracts of employment based on the NALC template and is paid in accordance with the NJC salary scale, with the back-dated pay rise included in the November salary payment.

Payroll is processed in house using the HMRC PAYE Online tools. I reviewed the payroll summary and payslip for the last month and was able to confirm salary deductions amounts for tax and national insurance appear to be calculated correctly.

I was able to confirm HMRC and pensions payments are up to date and that the council is correctly not claiming the employment allowance for national insurance contributions. There are no councillor allowances.

H. ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS

Internal audit requirement

Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.

Audit findings

The council has a fixed asset register in place, which includes a description of each asset, its insurance status, the original value and the date of acquisition. This is a simple register, but appropriate for recording assets for a council of this size.

Assets are correctly listed at original net cost/proxy cost, or where gifted/donated, given a nominal £1 value for the purpose of the asset register.

The council has no borrowing nor long-term investments.

I. BANK AND CASH

Internal audit requirement

Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out.

Audit findings

Financial Regulation 2.6 states 'At least once in each quarter, and at each financial year end, a member other than the Chair or a cheque signatory shall be appointed to verify bank reconciliations produced by the RFO. The member shall sign and date the reconciliations and the original bank statements (or similar document) as evidence of this. This activity, including any exceptions, shall be reported to and noted by the council.'

Bank reconciliations are completed monthly. I reviewed the bank reconciliations and was able to confirm the balances to the bank statements and found no errors. The reconciliation and accompanying bank statements have been signed in accordance with the requirements of FR 2.6.

The council benefits from the depositor protection scheme operated by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS). The council currently holds a single account with Lloyds Bank and balances are retained within the £85,000 depositor threshold.

J. YEAR END ACCOUNTS

Internal audit requirement

Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.

Audit findings

Testing to be conducted at final internal audit.

K. LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW

Internal audit requirement

IF the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2023/24, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2023/24 AGAR tick "not covered")

Audit findings

The council did not certify itself exempt in 2023/24 due to exceeding the income and expenditure limits and this test does not apply.

L: PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION

Internal audit requirement

The authority published the required information on a website/webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the relevant legislation

Audit findings

Testing to be conducted at final internal audit.

M: EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS

Internal audit requirement

The authority has demonstrated that during summer 2024 it correctly provided for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

Audit findings

Inspection – key dates	2023/24 Actual
Date AGAR signed by council	5 June 2024
Date inspection notice issued	6 June 2024
Inspection period begins	10 June 2024
Inspection period ends	19 July 2024
Correct length (30 working days)	Yes
Common period included (first 10	Yes
working days of July)	

The requirements of this control objective were NOT met for 2023/24, and assertion 4 on the Annual Governance Statement must therefore be signed as 'No' by the council.

This is in accordance with the External Auditor's comments on the report for 2023/24, 'We note that the smaller authority did not comply with Regulation 15 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 as it failed to make proper provision during the year 2024/25 for the exercise of public rights, since the Confirmation of the dates for period for the exercise of public rights has been posted on the Council's website but no notice setting out the contact details of who to contact to arrange inspection, or the details of the external auditor has been posted on the website. As a result, the smaller authority must answer 'No' to Assertion 4 of the Annual Governance Statement for 2024/25 and ensure that it makes proper provision for the exercise of public rights during 2025/26.

N: PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS

Internal audit requirement

The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2023/24. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage.

Before 1 July 2024 authorities must publish:

- Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements are as yet unaudited
- Section 1 Annual Governance Statement 2023/24, approved and signed, page 4
- Section 2 Accounting Statements 2023/24, approved and signed, page 5

Not later than 30 September 2024 authorities must publish:

- •Notice of conclusion of audit
- •Section 3 External Auditor Report and Certificate
- •Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.

It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.

Audit findings

Testing to be conducted at final internal audit.

O. TRUSTEESHIP

Internal audit requirement

Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

Audit findings

The council has no trusts, and no further testing is required under this internal control objective.

Achievement of control assertions at interim audit date

Based on the tests conducted during the interim audit, our conclusions on the achievement of the internal control objectives to date are summarised in the table below.

	INTERNAL CONTROL OBJECTIVE	YES	NO	N/A
Α	Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial	✓		
	year			
В	This authority complied with its Finance Regulations, payments were supported by	✓		
	invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for			
С	This authority assesses the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed	√		
	the adequacy of arrangements to manage these			
D	The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process;	√		
	progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.			
Е	Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and	√		
	promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for			
F	Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure			√
	was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for			
G	Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this	√		
	authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.			
Н	Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly	√		
	maintained.	,		
I	Periodic bank account reconciliations were properly carried out during the year.	√		
J	Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct			
	accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the	To be tested at final internal		
	cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where		audit	
	appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.			
K	If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2023/24,			
	it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority			\checkmark
	had a limited assurance review of its 2023/24 AGAR tick "not covered")			
L	The authority published the required information on a website/webpage up to date at	To be tested at final internal audit		
	the time of the internal audit in accordance with the relevant legislation			
M	The authority, during the previous year (2023/24) correctly provided for the			
	period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit		✓	
	Regulations (evidenced by the notice published on the website and/or authority			
	approved minutes confirming the dates set).			
N	The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2023/24 AGAR.	To be tested at final internal audit		
0	Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.		dadit	√
	Traditional (motivating originality) - The council mot its responsibilities as a trustee.			•
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Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

Andy Beams

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Mulberry Local Authority Services Ltd

Interim Audit - Points Carried Forward

Audit Point	Interim Audit Findings	Council comments
B. FINANCIAL	The council is fully aware of GDPR and has	
REGULATIONS,	undergone training. It was noted the council has	
GOVERNANCE AND	not established common email addresses for all	
PAYMENTS	councillors. This is recommended because it	
	gives a natural segregation between work and	
	personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in	
	what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to	
	this it gives control to the council, adds a degree	
	of professionalism and in the event of a FOI	
	request limits access to personal computers.	
	I recommend including draft minutes,	
	particularly where the council may not meet the	
	following month to avoid delays in informing	
	residents of decisions made by the council.	
	,	
	Based on the level of financial activity of the	
	council, and through discussion with the Clerk,	
	these authorisation thresholds appear	
	appropriate although I note there is a gap in the	
	authorisation levels between £1,000 and £5,000	
	and this should be closed at the next review.	
E. INCOME	The Clerk confirmed that the fees were reviewed	
	as part of the budget setting, and I recommend	
	this is clearly recorded in the minutes to confirm	
	the review has taken place in accordance with FR	
	13.2.	
M. EXERCISE OF PUBLIC	The requirements of this control objective were	
RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF	NOT met for 2023/24, and assertion 4 on the	
ACCOUNTS	Annual Governance Statement must therefore be	
	signed as 'No' by the council.	
	This is in accordance with the External Auditor's	
	comments on the report for 2023/24, 'We note	
	that the smaller authority did not comply with	
	Regulation 15 of the Accounts and Audit	
	Regulations 2015 as it failed to make proper	
	provision during the year 2024/25 for the exercise	
	of public rights, since the Confirmation of the	
	dates for period for the exercise of public rights	
	has been posted on the Council's website but no	
	notice setting out the contact details of who to	
	contact to arrange inspection, or the details of	
	the external auditor has been posted on the	
	website. As a result, the smaller authority must	
	answer 'No' to Assertion 4 of the Annual	
	Governance Statement for 2024/25 and ensure	
	that it makes proper provision for the exercise of	
	public rights during 2025/26.	